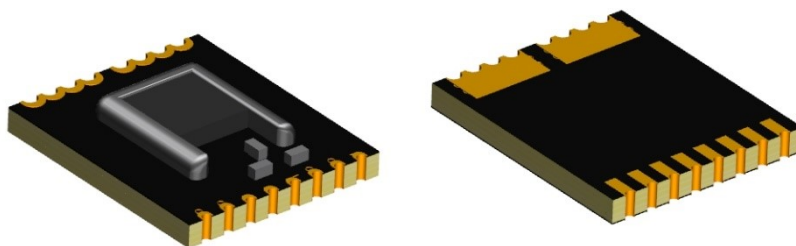


Current Sensor

Product Series: STK-616AF

Part number: STK-616AF-10AB
STK-616AF-20AB
STK-616AF-40AB
STK-616AF-50AB
STK-616AF-80AB

Version: Ver 1.0



Sinomags Technology Co., Ltd

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1. Description

The STK-616AF series current sensor is based on TMR (tunnel magnetoresistance) technology and open-loop design. It is suitable for DC, AC pulsed and any kind of irregular current measurement under the isolated conditions.

The STK-616AF series current sensor has built-in OCD (Over Current Detection) function.

Typical applications

- AC Variable speed drives
- Power supply
- Inverter

General parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Junction temperature	T_A	°C	-40 ~ 125
Storage temperature	T_stg	°C	-40 ~ 125
Mass	m	g	2

Absolute maximum rating

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Supply voltage	V _{cc}	V	5.5
ESD rating (HBM)	U_ESD	kV	4

Remark: the unrecoverable damage may occur when the product works on the conditions over the absolute maximum ratings. Long-time working on the absolute maximum ratings may cause the degradation on performance and reliability.

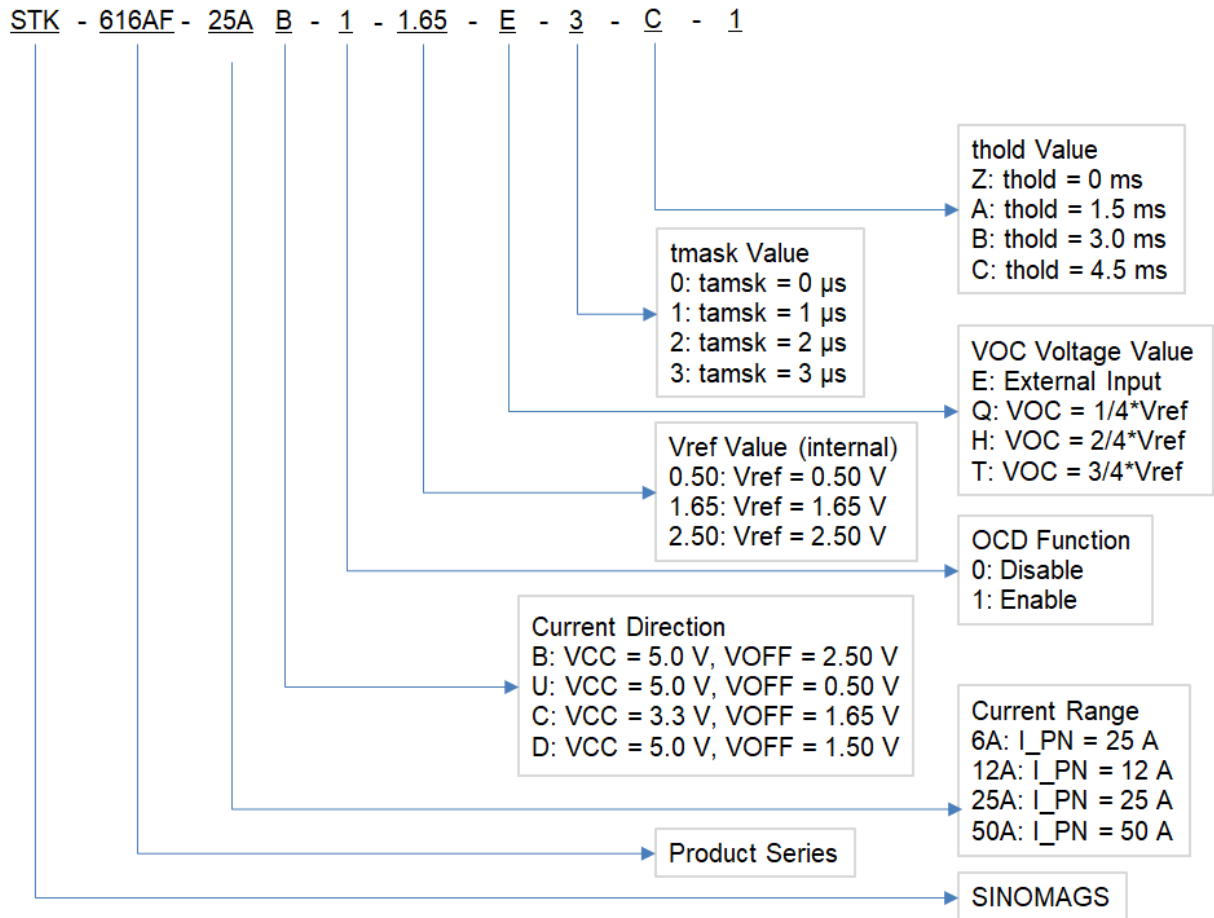
Isolation parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value	Comment
RMS voltage for AC test 50 Hz, 1 min	U _d	kV	4	
Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50μs	Ū _w	kV	8	
Clearance distance (pri. -sec)	d _{Cl}	mm	6	
Creepage distance (pri. -sec)	d _{Cp}	mm	6	

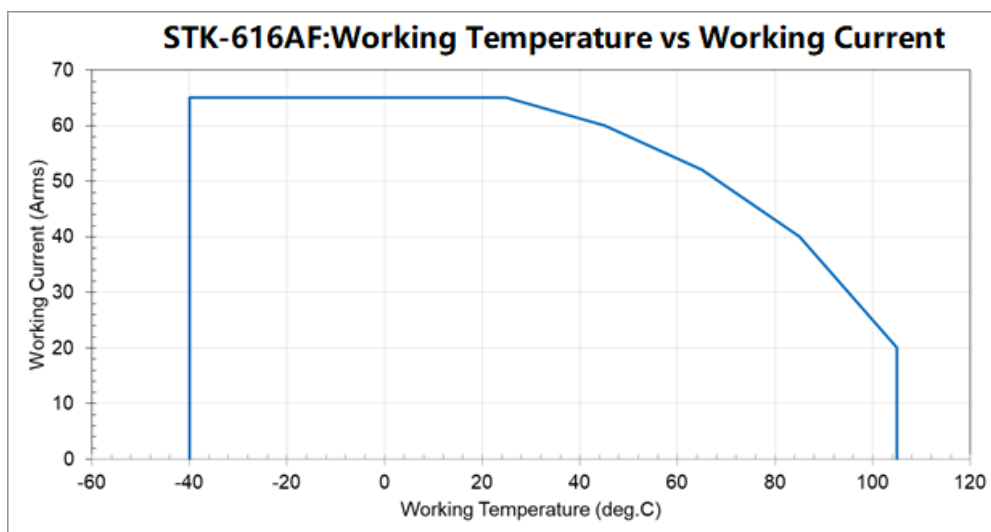
Measuring current table

Part number	Current Range	Sensitivity (mV/A)	T (°C)
STK-616AF-10AB-1-2.-E-2-C	±10 A	200	-40 ~ 105
STK-616AF-20 AB-1-2.-E-2-C	±20 A	100	-40 ~ 105
STK-616AF-40 AB-1-2.-E-2-C	±40 A	50	-40 ~ 105
STK-616AF-50 AB-1-2.-E-2-C	±50 A	40	-40 ~ 105
STK-616AF-80 AB-1-2.-E-2-C	±80 A	25	-40 ~ 105

2. Part number definition



3. Temperature vs Current (for Gain $\geq 48\text{ mV/A}$)



4. Electrical data

 Condition: $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$

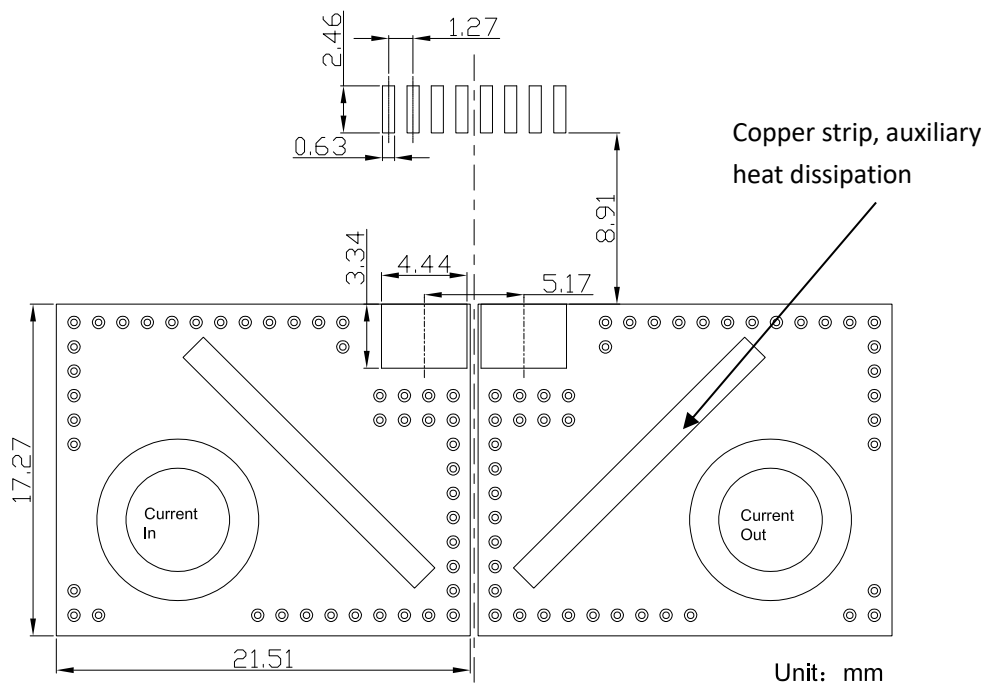
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary nominal current range	I_{pn}	A	-10		10	STK-616AF-10AB
			-20		20	STK-616AF-20AB
			-40		40	STK-616AF-40AB
			-50		50	STK-616AF-50AB
			-80		80	STK-616AF-80AB
Primary current measuring range	I_{pm}	A	-12		12	STK-616AF-10AB
			-24		24	STK-616AF-20AB
			-48		48	STK-616AF-40AB
			-60		60	STK-616AF-50AB
			-96		96	STK-616AF-80AB
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	V		5		$\pm 5\%$
Current consumption	I_{CC}	mA		5	10	
Primary conductor resistance	R_{IP}	m Ω		0.3		$I_{PN} \geq 40\text{ A}$
	R_{IP}	m Ω		0.7		$I_{PN} = 20\text{ A}$
	R_{IP}	m Ω		1.2		$I_{PN} = 10\text{ A}$
Reference voltage	V_{ref}	V	1.6	1.65	1.7	Internal use
			2.45	2.5	2.55	
Quiescent voltage Error	V_{off_err}	V	-0.05		0.05	$V_{out@0A} - V_{OFF}$
Internal output resistance	R_{out}	Ω		25		
OCD range	V_{OC}	V	0 ~ ($V_{CC}-1.7$), see "OCD" section			
FAULT error		%		5%		% of V_{OC}
OCD Hysteresis	I_{HYS}	%		10%		% of V_{OC}
OCD Fault Mask	t_{mask}	μs	Typical = 2, see part number definition			
OCD Fault Mask error	T_{mask_error}	ns		125		
OCD Fault Hold Time	t_{hold}	ms	Typical = 4.5, see part number definition			
Step response time	t_{res}	μs		0.3		@90% of I_{pn}
Frequency bandwidth (-3dB)	BW	kHz		900		No RC circuit
Noise	I_{noise}	% I_{PN}		1		DC ~ 100 kHz
Non-linearity @ 25°C	ξ	% of I_{pn}		± 1.5		STK-616AF-25AB
Accuracy @ 25°C	X	% of I_{pn}		± 2		@ 25°C
Thermal drift of G_{th} @ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 105^{\circ}\text{C}$	$GAIN_T$	% of sensitivity	-1.5		1.5	Drift value related to the value @ 25°C
Thermal drift of V_{off} @ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 105^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{off_T}	mV	-15		15	

PCB Layout Reference View

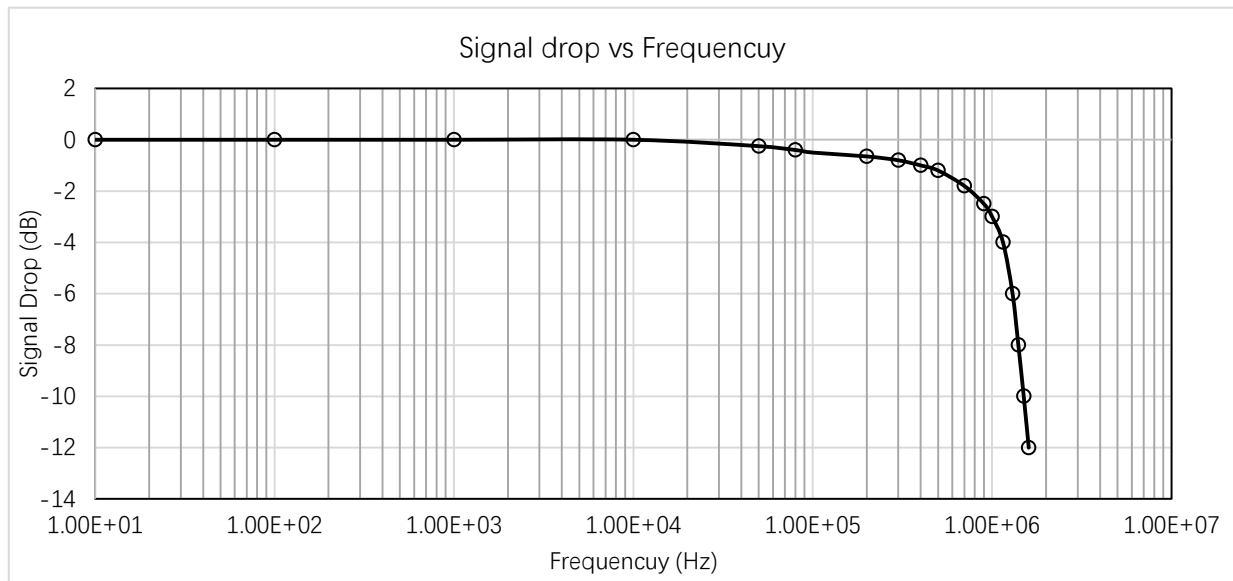
6. Pin definitions

PIN	Symbol	Description
1,2,3,4	IP+	Primary conductor pin (+)
5,6,7,8	IP-	Primary conductor pin (-)
9,16	GND	Ground pin (GND)
10	VREF	Reference voltage
11	FAULT	Over current detection alarm output, the pin is open leakage output
12	VOUT	Sensor output pin
13	VCC	Power supply pin
14	NC	NC
15	VOC	Over current detection threshold input pin

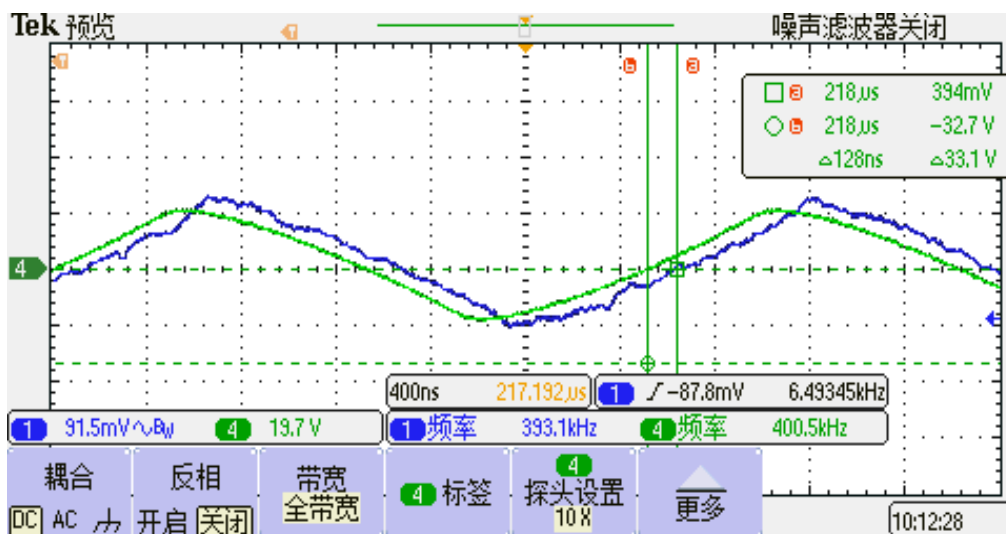
7. PCB layout recommendation



8. Frequency band width

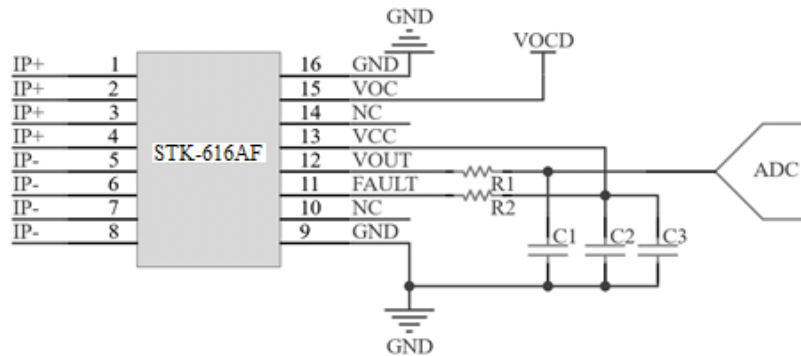


9. Step response time



The typical frequency response of STK-616AF current sensor. The delay of output to the primary triangle current with a frequency of 400 kHz is around 130 ns.

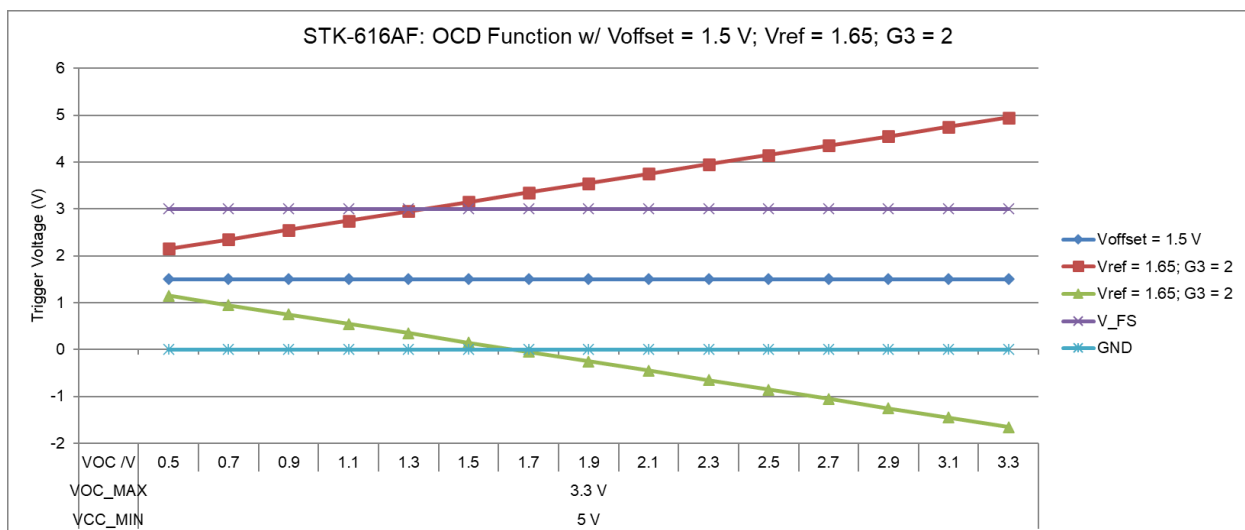
10. Typical application circuit



Remark: $R2 = 5\text{ k}\Omega$, recommended $C2 = 1\text{ }\mu\text{f}$, $C3 = 10\text{ nf}$. 50 pf of $C1$ does not affect the response speed of the chip. $R1$ and $C1$ constitute RC filter circuit. The relationship between RC value and frequency is shown in below Table

$R1\text{ (kohm)}$	$C1\text{ (nF)}$	Theoretical band width $f = 1/(2\pi RC)\text{ (kHz)}$	Measured band width (kHz)
1	1	150	~ 150
0.4	1	400	~ 400
0.16	1	1000	~ 1000

11. OCD voltage

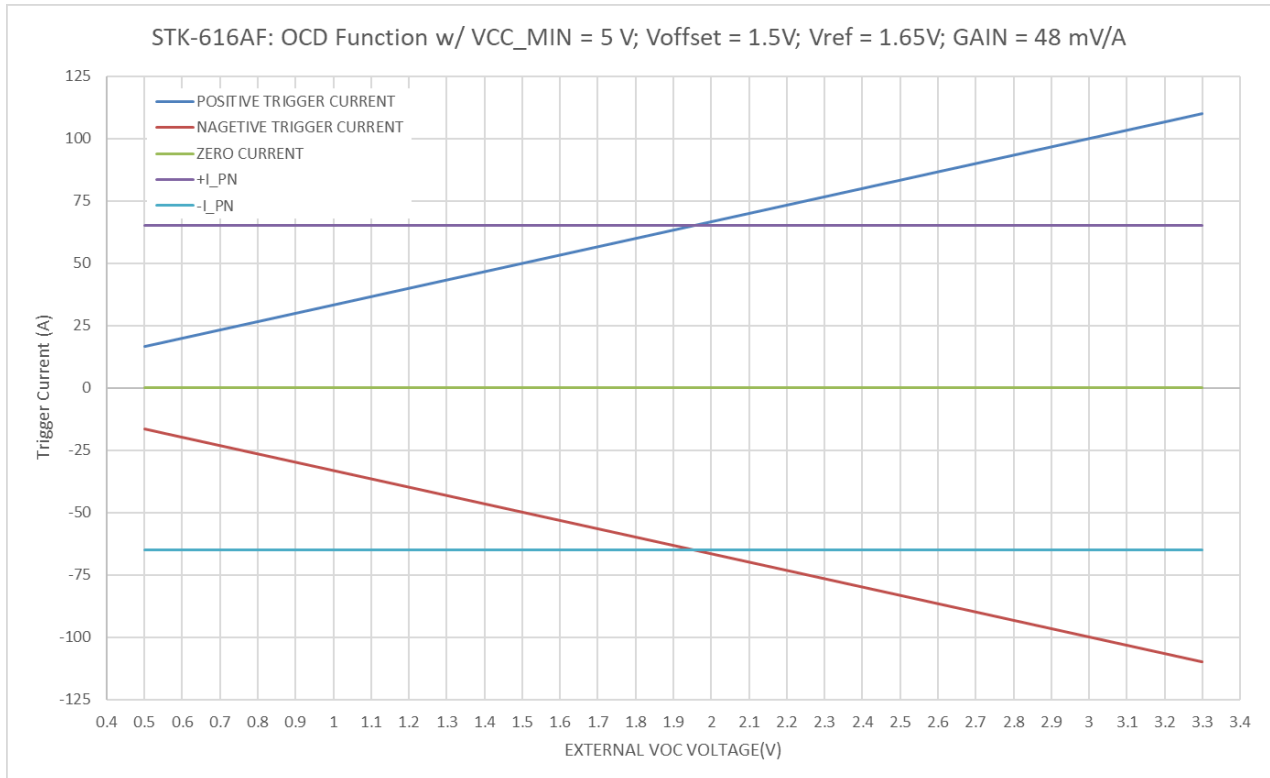


In the plot, the V_FS is output voltage @ $\pm I_{PN}$.

With conditions: $V_{cc} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{ref} = 1.65\text{ V}$ (factory setting), $G3 \geq 2$ (factory setting), $V_{off} = 1.5\text{ V}$, the STK-616AF current sensor can provide a protection trigger current higher than I_{pn} .

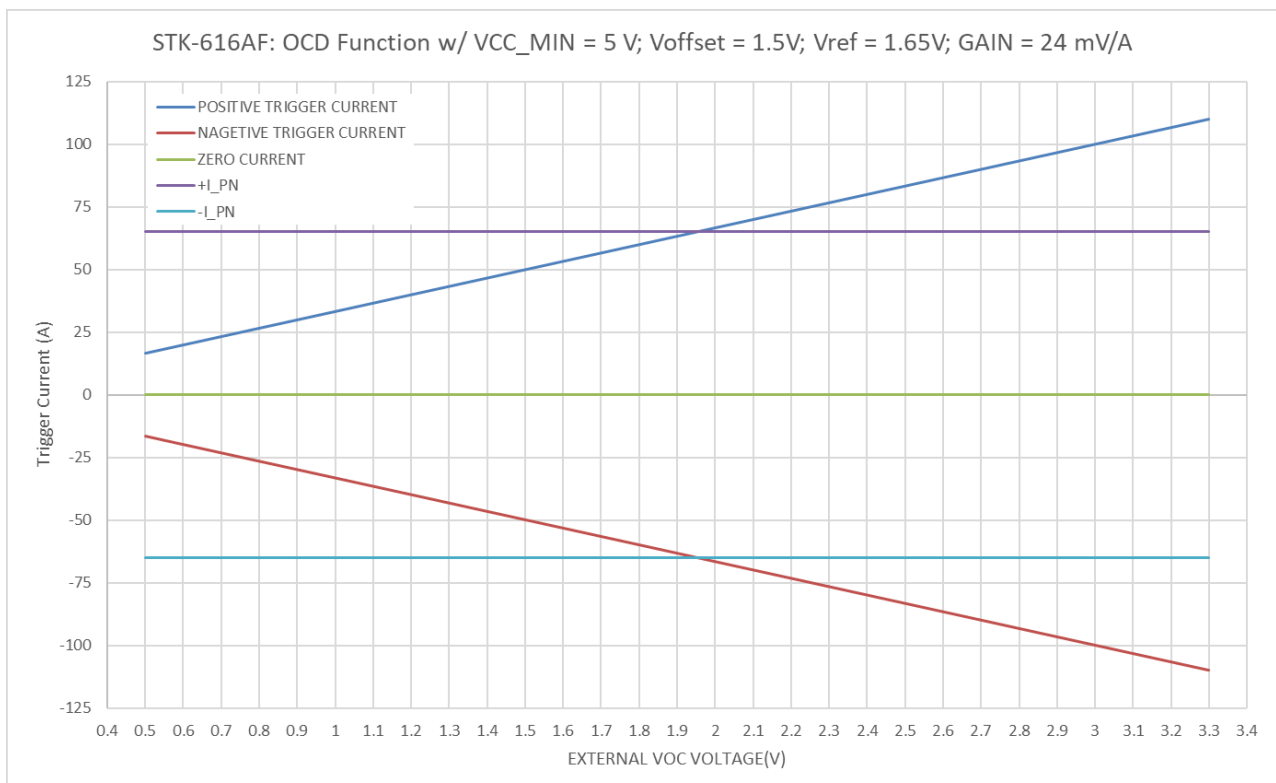
The trigger voltage = $V_{ref} \pm V_{OC}$, here, $V_{OC} \leq V_{cc} - 1.7\text{ V}$.

12. OCD function for STK-616AF-25AD



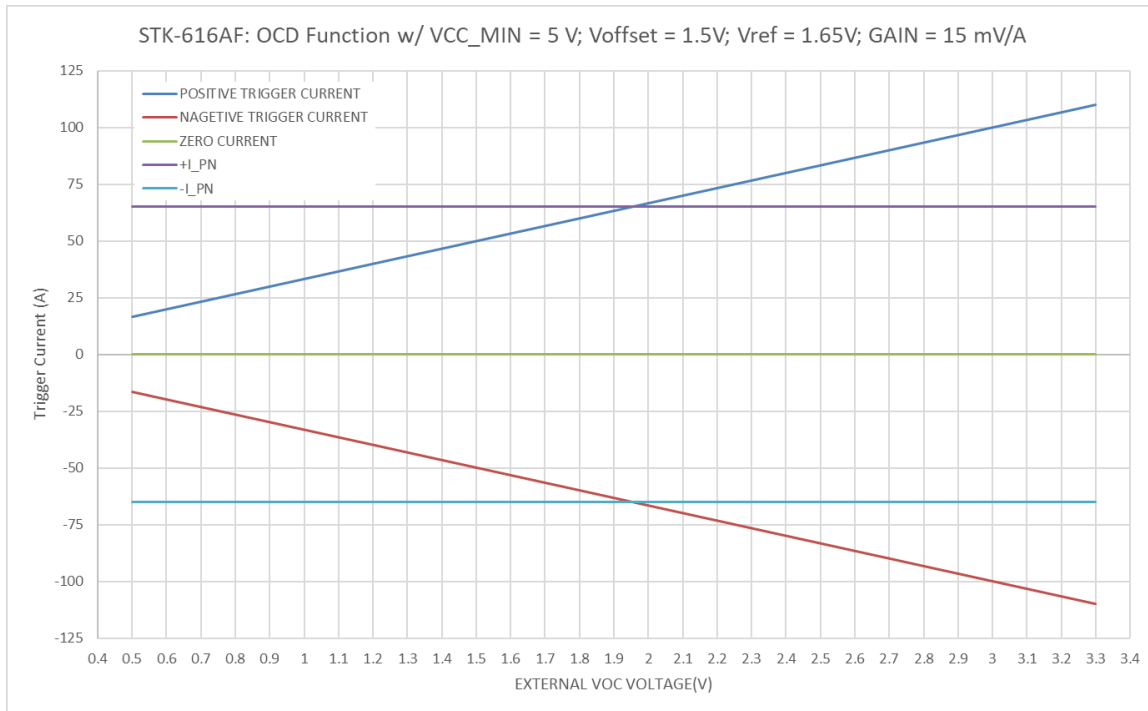
Based on the setting for STK-616AF, since the Quiescent voltage, Voff of 1.5 V, is not the same as the reference voltage, Vref of 1.65 V, the trigger current is not equivalent for positive and negative current.

13. OCD function for STK-616AF-50AD



Based on the setting for STK-616AF, since the Quiescent voltage, V_{off} of 1.5 V, is not the same as the reference voltage, V_{ref} of 1.65 V, the trigger current is not equivalent for positive and negative current.

14. OCD function for STK-616AF-80AD



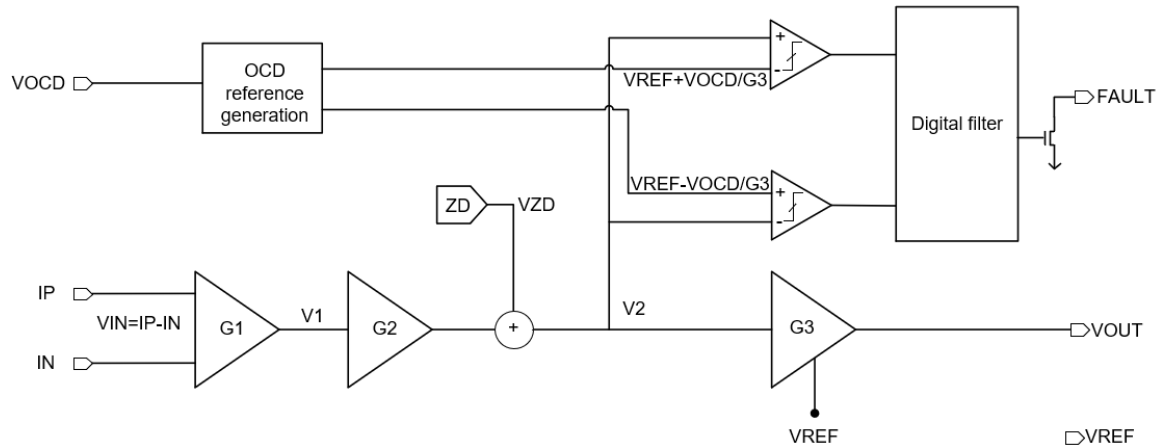
Based on the setting for STK-616AF, since the Quiescent voltage, V_{off} of 1.5 V, is not the same as the reference voltage, V_{ref} of 1.65 V, the trigger current is not equivalent for positive and negative current.

15. General information on OCD

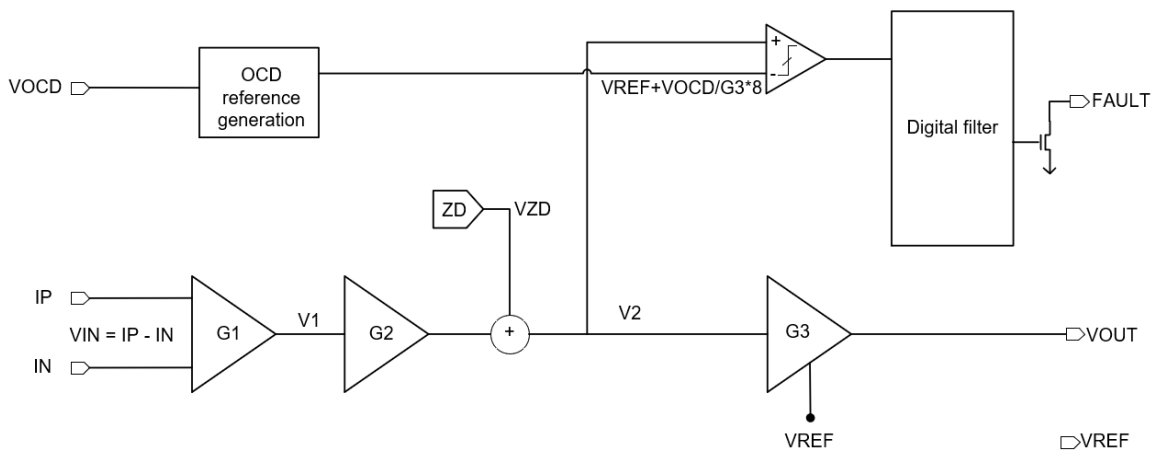
This section describes the general information on OCD function, the specific functions, which are not listed in the section of “electrical data”, can be defined per request.

Since the trigger voltage is set after the second amplifier, the OCD function supports that the trigger current can be higher than I_{pn} . The trigger voltage can be defined:

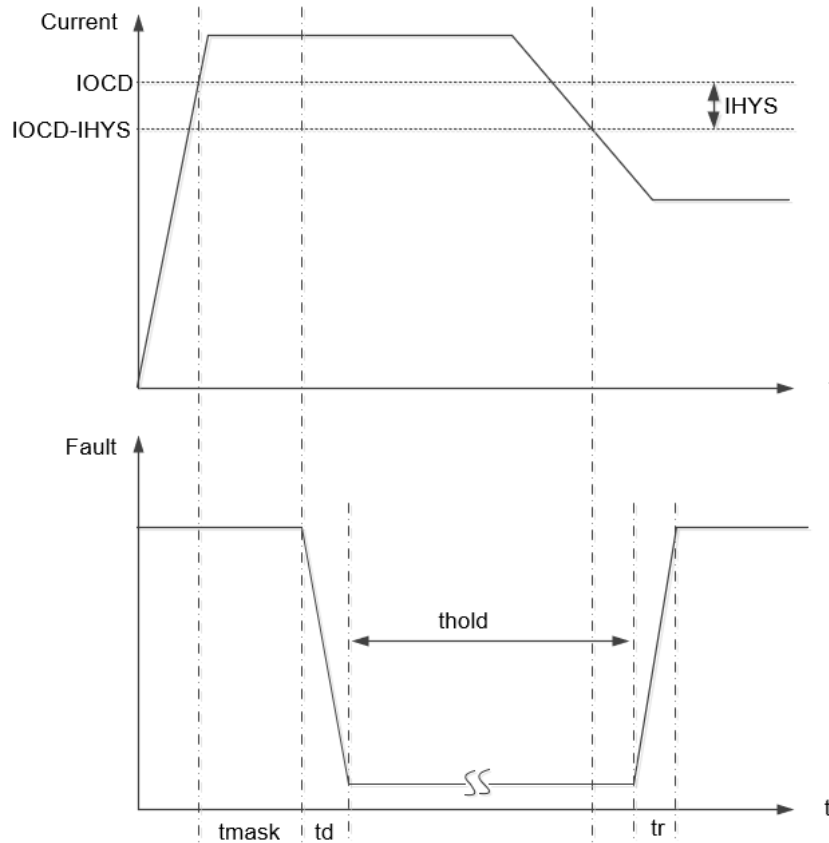
- Trigger voltage = $V_{ref} \pm V_{OC}$, when $V_{ref} = 2.5\text{ V}$ or 1.65 V ;
- Trigger voltage = $V_{ref} + 8 \cdot V_{OC}$, when $V_{ref} = 0.5\text{ V}$;
- $V_{OC} \equiv V_{cc} - 1.7\text{ V}$;



Functional Block Diagram on OCD function when $V_{ref} = 2.5\text{ V}$ or 1.65 V .



Functional Block Diagram on OCD function when $V_{ref} = 0.5\text{ V}$.



The above plot shows the definition on the time in OCD function. The typical value for t_d & t_r is that $t_d = 2$ ns, and $t_r = 91$ ns with setting as show in the section of “typical application circuit”.

Supply	VOC Setting			Trigger Voltage		REMARK
Vcc / V	Vref Voltage / V	Factor	VOC Value	Positive	Negative	
5.0	2.5		External	External	External	Necessary Conditions: (1) $G3 \geq 2$, factory setting (2) $VOC \leq Vcc - 1.7$ V The Trigger Voltage = (1) $Vref \pm Factor * VOC$, when $Vref = 2.5$ V or 1.65 V (2) $Vref + Factor * VOC$, when $Vref = 0.5$ V
		1	$1/4 * Vref$	3.125 V	1.875 V	
		1	$2/4 * Vref$	3.75 V	1.25 V	
	1.65	1	$3/4 * Vref$	4.375 V	0.625 V	
			External	External	External	
		1	$1/4 * Vref$	2.0625 V	1.2375 V	
		1	$2/4 * Vref$	2.475 V	0.825 V	
		1	$3/4 * Vref$	2.8875 V	0.4125 V	
	0.5		External	External	-	
		8	$1/4 * Vref$	1.5 V	-	
		8	$2/4 * Vref$	2.5 V	-	
		8	$3/4 * Vref$	3.5 V	-	
3.3	1.65		External	External	External	
		1	$1/4 * Vref$	2.0625 V	1.2375 V	
		1	$2/4 * Vref$	2.475 V	0.825 V	
		1	$3/4 * Vref$	2.8875 V	0.4125 V	
	0.5		External	External	-	
		8	$1/4 * Vref$	1.5 V	-	
		8	$2/4 * Vref$	2.5 V	-	
		8	$3/4 * Vref$	3.5 V	-	